# TIIE ANNALS 

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> L.N.-Descriptions of new Fishes discovered b!y Mr. L. Deyen in Lake Victoria. By G. A. Buolevger, F.R.S.

Mr. E. Degex, who has rendered such signal service to African ichthyology as a collector of the fishes of Abyssimia, has utilized his leisire, when recently in Uganda as assistant to Prof. L. A. Minchin, by making a very fine collection of the fi-hes of Lake Yietoria, our previous knowledge of which was very unsatisfactory. 'This collection is ly far the most extensive that has ever been made in that lake, consisting of about 800 specimens. It contains not only examples of nearly all the species which had been previously deseribed by Hilgendorf, Pfeffer, Pellerrin, and myself, but representatives of as many as $2(6$ which are here described as new. Fuller deseriptions and figures of all of them will appear later in the work on the Fishes of the Nile, on which I have been enraged for some years, and the publication of which is necessarily postponed by the constant accession of fresh material.

Until quite lately the fish-fama of Lake Victoria was believed to be, comparatively to the other great lakes of Africa, a rather poor one, only about 2:5 species being known. From the available data, I concluded, when reecntly disenssing the distribution of Afriean freshater fishes, that Lake Vietoria has long been isolated, showing so little in common with the fanma of the Nile. This conclusion is further emphasized by the collection brought home by Aun. of May. N. Mist. Ser. 7. Tol. xvii. 30

Mr. Degen, the Cichlids especially showing so many modifications, apparently derived from some original stock consisting of a small number of forms. These modifications are not comparable in importance to those with which the exploration of Lake Tanganyika has made us acquainterl, but they tend to show that this lake has a quite peenliar fama, bearing no special affinity to either the Nile or the Congo, so far as specific forms are conecrned.

## Mormyridæ.

## Petroceplalus Degeni.

Depth of body $3 \frac{1}{2}$ times in total length, length of head $3 \frac{3}{4}$ times. Snout very short, about $\frac{1}{6}$ length of head, rounded, projecting beyond the month; width of mouth $\frac{1}{4}$ length of heall teeth bicuspid, 10 in upper jaw, 22 in lower jaw; eye longer than snout, $4 \frac{1}{2}$ times in length of head, onee and $\frac{1}{2}$ in interorbital width. Dorsal 19, orgmating above first ray of anal, its length twice and $\frac{1}{3}$ in its distance from head. Anal 27. Pectoral pointed, about $\frac{2}{3}$ length of head. Caudal peduncle twice and $\frac{1}{2}$ as long as decep, $\frac{3}{4}$ length of head. 41 scales in lateral line, ${ }_{12}^{10}$ in a transverse series on the body, ${ }_{9}^{9}$ between dorsal and anal, 12 round caudal peduncle. Silvery, back dark grey ; fins grey.

Total length 88 mm .
A single specimen from the mouth of the Katonga River.
Easily distinguished from its congeners in the short dorsal fill originating above the first ray of the anal.

## Marcusenius nigrictrns.

Depth of body 3 to $3 \frac{1}{2}$ times in total lengtle, length of head 4. to $4 \frac{1}{3}$ times. Snout about $\frac{1}{5}$ length of head, rounded, projecting beyond the mouth; mouth below the nostrils, its width 4 times in length of head ; tecth small, bicuspid, 7 in $u_{j}$ per jaw, 8 in lower jaw; cye as long as snout, $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{3}{5}$ interocular width. Dorsal $15-18$, originating above 5 th or 6 th ray of anal. Anal 24-25. Pectoral pointed, subfalcate, as long as or a little shorter than head. Caudal peduncle twice and $\frac{1}{2}$ to twice and $\frac{2}{3}$ as long as deep, $\frac{2}{3}$ to $\frac{4}{5}$ length of head. 46 to 53 seales in lateral line, ${ }_{14-15}^{10-11}$ in a transterse series on the body, ${ }_{1}^{10-12}$ between dorsal and anal, 16-20 round caudal peduncle. Uniform blackish brown.
'Total length 93 mm .

N"umerons specimens from the mouth of the Katongat liver.

Distimguilied from .M. Isidori, C. \& V', by the shorter dorsal lin, the shorter candal perdumele, the larger month, and generally fewer seales in the lateral line.

## Characinidæ.

## Alustes Sudlerio.

Depth of borly $3 \frac{1}{3}$ to :3喈 times in total length, length of head 1 times. Smout rominded, not projecting beyond the lower lip, a little shorter than the eye, the diameter of which is I lenght of head : interombital width 关 length of head. Gill-makers lous and slender, 18 on lower part of anterior arch. Dorsal II 8 , just behind vertical of ventrals, equally distant from occiput and from root of candal ; first bramehed ray as lone as head. Anal III 1 (i-1z. Pectoral as long as head. Candal pechumele harely once and $\frac{1}{2}$ as long as deep. Scales 3:3, 2 between lateral line and ventral. Steel-blue abowe, silvery white below; fins orame-red ; a black (in life brilliant orange) blotel on the raudal peduncle, extending on the middle rays of the eandal fin.

Total length !) 1 mm .
Two specimens from Eintebbe.
This new specees is named after Lient.-Col. Hayes Sadler, II.M. Commisioner, Tranda Protectorate, at the time of Mr. Deren's visit. It is eavily distingnished from $A$. umse, Rüpp, which is emmon in the lake, by the more posterior position of the dorsal fin, by the greater number of 1ays in the anal fin, and by one series more of seales between the origin of the dorsal fin and the lateral line.

## Cyprinidæ.

## barlons lologegerys.

Depth of hody equal to or a little greater than length of head, $3 \frac{1}{2}$ to $4 \frac{1}{6}$ times in total lenerth. Snont rounded, distinctly projeeting beyond the month, lonerer than the eye, the diameter of which is $3 \frac{2}{3}$ (yommg) to $\overline{2} \frac{1}{2}$ times in lengrly of head; interorbital width $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 times in length of head; width of month $\frac{1}{7}$ to $\frac{1}{3}$ length of head : lips stronerly dere!oped, the upper more or tese produced inte a point, the lower continucus across the chin and often preduced into a long rombed mental lobe ; barbels two on cath side, anterior $\frac{z_{3}^{3}}{3}$
to $1 \frac{1}{2}$ diameter of eye, posterior as long as eye or a little shorter. Dorsal III 8 (rarely 9 ), free ellue feebly emarginate; last simple ray strong, bony, not serrated, straight, $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{3}{4}$ length of head. Anal 1115 , longest ray $\frac{3}{5}$ to $\frac{3}{4}$ length of head. Pectoral $\frac{2}{3}$ to $\frac{3}{4}$ length of head, not reaching rentral; latter below anterior rays of dorsal. Candal peduncle once and $\frac{1}{3}$ to once and $\frac{2}{3}$ as long as deep. Scales $3: 3-36_{5 i, 3}^{51}, 3$ or 3 ? between lateral line and ventral, 12 or 11 round candal pedunele. Coppery brown abore, pinkish or brassy yellow on the sides, the seales dark brown at the base; silvery white below ; pectoral and ventral fins orange, dorsal, anal, and caudal lemon-ycllow at the base, greyish or blackish towards the border ; iris yellow.

Nine specimens, measuring from 155 to 600 mm ., from Bunjako and Buganga.

Differs from B. Radcliffic, Blgr., in the more prominent smout, and in the presence of one scrics more of scales between the lateral line and the rentral fin ; from B. nedgia, Ruipp., in the broader interorbital space.

## Barbus Minchimi.

Depth of borly $3!;$ times in total length, length of head 4 times. Snout rounded, not prominent, shorter than the eye, the diameter of which is $3 \frac{1}{2}$ times in length of head ; interorbital width twice and $\frac{1}{2}$ in length of head; lips moderate, not extending across the chin ; barbels two on cach side, anterior $\frac{2}{3}$ diameter of eye, posterior as long as eve. Dorsal III 7, last simple ray strong, bony, serrated behind, a little shorter than head; border of fin nearly straight. Anal ILI 5, longest ray $\frac{3}{5}$ length of head. Pcetoral $\frac{3}{4}$ length of hearl, not quite reaching ventral; latter entirely in adrance of vertical of origin of dorsal. Caudal perduncle twice as long as deep. Seales $25-26 \frac{5 \frac{2}{6},}{62}, 2 \frac{1}{2}$ between lateral line and ventral, 12 or 14 round caudal peduncle. Olive above, silvery white beneath, the scales blackish at the base; a bright yellow or scarlet spot on the gill-cover; pectoral and ventral fins yellow, dorsal, anal, and caudal searlet, yellow at the base; iris ${ }_{g} \mathrm{grevish}$ white.

Total length 88 mm .
Two speeimens from Entebbe.
Named after Prof. E. A. Minchin, in recognition of his service to African ichthyology in enabling Mr. Degen to form the valnable collection which it is my privilege to deseribe.

The nearest ally of this species is $B 3$. Kerstemii, Peters.

## Burbus Maydulence．

Depth of borly ： $3!^{3}$ to $33^{3}$ times in total length，length of head $4 \frac{1}{3}$ to 5 thmes．Simout romaled，mot prominent，shortor than the eye，the diameter of whirh is $2{ }^{3}$ to 3 times in length of head ：interorhital width twice and $\frac{1}{2}$ in length ol head： monthamrow，with very thin ligs ；no barbels．Domal III 8 ， last simple ray mot ossified and as long as head；border of fin slightly motehed．Anal III 5，longest ray 言 lengelh of head．Pectoral $\frac{3}{1}$ leneth of head，not reaching ventral ； latter below origin of dorsal．Candal pedmele twice as long as deep．Scales $\ddot{2}$ ）$-32,1$ or $1 \frac{1}{2}$ between lateral line and ventral， 10 romad candal pedmele；lateral line descending very abruptly towads rentral fin．Silvery，yellowish olive on the back，witha more or less distinct darker lateral stripe； fins yellow．

Total length 71 mm ．
Twelse specimens from Bunjako．
This spectics，dedicated to Mrs．Minchin，differs from B．unema，Blirr．，and its allies，in the more mmerons seales in the lateral line and in the longer candal pedtuncle．

## Siluridæ．

## Clurius Alluaudi．

Depth of bordy $\left(i\right.$ to $6 \frac{1}{2}$ times in total length，length of head $4 \frac{1}{4}$ to $1 \frac{1}{2}$ times．Head once and $\frac{1}{3}$ to once and $\frac{1}{2}$ as loner as broad，smooth above；occipital process acutely pointed， longer than broad；oecipital fontanclle extending on oceipital process ；ese sery small，twice or twiee and $\frac{1}{2}$ in length of shont， 4 or $\overline{5}$ times in interorhital width， 9 or 10 times in lengeth of heads；vomerine tecth villiform，forminer a cresentic band whel is longer and broader than the band of prese－ masillary teeth：masal harbel as long as or a little longer than head；maxillary bablel onece and ！to once and ：$\frac{2}{2}$ ats loner as lead， 14 or is gill－makers on amterior arch．Dorsal （ior－is，its diistance from the oceipital proeses about $\frac{1}{+}$ length of heal．Anal 5．5－6：．Dorsal and amal extemeling to the root of the ramdal．l＇ectural ！length of head，the spine about ？the length of the fin and serrated on both sides． lentrals nearly twiee as far from the end of the cambal as from the end of the shont．Dark olive－brown abone，lighter رっとい：all．
＇Jotal length 1 f3 mm ．
One spectmen from Enteble and three from Bumjako；also ome from Kavirondo Bay（Alluand Collection）received from


The fish described by Pfeffer is probably a young （．Robecchii，Vincig．，and is at any rate very ditterent l＇rom the one here described，as the vomerine teeth are grannar， the dorsal fin is widely separated from the candal，and there are -10 gill－rakers on the anteriur arel．

## Bayrus Deyeni．

Depth of body $4 \frac{1}{2}$ to $5_{2}^{1}$ times in total length，length of head $3 \frac{1}{3}$ to $3 \frac{2}{3}$ times．Head once and $\frac{\ddot{3}}{5}$ to once and $\frac{1}{2}$ as long as broad ；occipital process long and narrow；diameter of ere 5 （young）to 11 times in lengtl of heard，once and $\frac{2}{3}$ to twice and $\frac{3}{4}$ in length of shout，once and $\frac{1}{2}$ to once and $\frac{2}{3}$ in interorbital width；masal barbel $\frac{1}{3}$（yomig）to $\frac{1}{8}$ length of head，maxillary barbel once and $\frac{1}{3}$（adult）to twice and $\frac{1}{3}$ （yomge）length of head，extending larely to end of pectoral fin in the adult，to chd of ventral fin in the yomg．Dorsal I 9，last ray in adrance of vertical of imer ray of ventral ； longest ray $\frac{1}{2}$（adult）to $\frac{3}{4}$（young）length of head．Adipose dorsal 4 to $\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{2}$ times as long as dece，once and 12 to once and $\frac{2}{3}$ as long as the rayed dorsal；the space between the two dorsals equals $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{2}{3}$ the length of the first．Anal III 8－9． Pectoral $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{3^{2}}{3}$ length of lead，its spine moderately strong， not serrated in the adult．Upper lobe of caudal produced into a long filament．Caudal peduncle not or but little longer than decp．Blackish brown or dark strel－blue above， whitish or brasey yellow bencath；fins grey to blackish；iris dark，with a vivid yellow ring．

Scren specinchs，measurng from 130 to 400 mm ．，from Entebbe．

Intermediate between B．docmac，Forsk．，whiels cecurs also in Lake Victoria，and B．orientalis，Blgr．，from the Pangani River．

## Synodontis victoria．

Depth of body 4 to $4 \frac{1}{2}$ times in total length，length of head $3{ }_{2}^{1}$ to 4 times．Head once and $\frac{1}{4}$ as long as hroad，granulate aloore，the snout smoutls；frontal fontanelle moderate；snout romuderl，as long as postocular part of liead；interorbital receion slightly conrex，弟 length of head ；eye supero－lateral， its diameter 5 to $5 \frac{1}{2}$ times in length of head ；oceipital region convex；lips moderate；maxillary barlel simple，with a narrow fringe at the base，a little shorter than head，exteuding to base of pectoral spine；mandibular barbels with slender simple branches，outer about $\frac{1}{2}$ length of head，inner $\frac{2}{7}$ or $\frac{1}{3}$ ； pacmaxillary teeth forming a broad band；anterior mandi－ bular teeth curved，$\frac{1}{3}$ diameter of ese，19－21 in number．

Gill－cleft not extending inferionly beyond base of pectoral fin Nuchal shied convex，not keeled，rugone and pitest， onere and $\frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}}$ to onere and $\frac{1}{3}$ as loner as broal，cheding in $t w n$ blunt perints，which extend a little beyond the hase of the spine of the dorsal．Hameral process conered with gramata asperitio，onse and！！as lome as broad，pointed，not extending so far back as the occipito－muchal shick．Skim smooth． Dorsal I（i－i；spine stronge，彦 lengeth of head，smooth in front，with 8 verer small serve behind．Adipose dorsal I or
 its distance from rayed dorsal．Anal 1118 ．Pectoral spine a little shorter than head，feebly servated on the outer side， strongly on the inner．Ventral not reaching anal．Candal very depply noteled，ereseentic，upper lobe lonecot．Brown ahose，white bencath，the brown parts with rather large romed daver spots，which may be very indistinct ；iris pure white．

Tootal length 250 mm ．
One specimen from Biteble and one from Buganga．
Alied to si．afro－Fïscheri，Hilgend．，and S．pmetulatus， fithr．Distinguished from the first in fewer mandibular teeth and the absence of villosities on the body，from the secomb ly fewer mambibular teeth and shorter mandibular barbels．

## Cichlidæ．

## Paratilapia cinerea．

＇T＇ceth small，in 4 serics in each jaw，outer largest and feebly emrecl．Depth of body equal to length of head， 3 times in total length；body decpest at the nape．Snont much decper than long，with sterp obligne upper profile，a little shorter than the eye，which is 3 thenes in lempth of head and equals interorbital width；maxillary extending to below anterior border of eye； 3 series of scales on the cheek． （iill－malers short， 9 on lower part of anterior areh．Dorsal XV1 8；spince increasing in length to the last，which measures 关 length of head．Anal 1118 ；third spine a little shoster than last dorsal．Pectoral as long as licad，extending a little beyond orimin of anal．Ventral extending beyond origin of anal．Candal troncate．Candal peduncle once and 羍 as long as deep．Scaleswith very ferble denticulation， $3: 33_{13}^{\frac{3}{3}}$ ；lat．I． 11 ．${ }^{2 n}$ ． Gerey above and beneath，darker on the back；a backish operembar spot；firs dark arey，ventrals blacki＝1，two large orange romel spots，encireled with red，on the posterion part of the allal．

Total length 105 mm .
A single specimen from Buganga.
Allied to $P$. victoriana, Pellegr.*; distinguished by the larger eyc.

## Pelmatochromis Spehii.

Teeth in 3 to 6 series in both jaws, outer large, distant, and curved in the adult. Lower jaw more or less projecting in the adult. Depth of body $2 \frac{2}{3}$ to $3 \frac{1}{4}$ times in total length, length of head $2 \frac{2}{5}$ to $2_{5}^{4}$ timos. IIead large, with straght or slightly concare upper profile ; snont once and $\frac{1}{4}$ (young) to twice and $\frac{1}{2}$ diameter of cye, which is $3 \frac{1}{2}$ to 6 times in length of head and $\frac{4}{3}$ to once and $\frac{1}{2}$ in interorbital width; mouth oblique; maxillary extending to below anterior border of eye, or not quite so far; 3 to 5 series of seales on the check. Gill-rakers short, 8 or 9 on lower part of anterior arch. Dorsal $\mathrm{XV}^{\prime}-\mathrm{X}$ YI 9-10; spines increasing in length to the last, which measmres $\frac{1}{3}$ to $\frac{2}{5}$ length of head ; longest soft rays $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{2}{3}$ length of head. Anal $1118-10$; third spine longest, stronger than dorals, $\frac{1}{4}$ to $\frac{1}{3}$ length of head. Pectoral $\frac{2}{3}$ to $\frac{3}{4}$ length of head, reaching origin of anal or a little beyond. Ventral reaching origin of anal or a little leevond. Caudal rounded. Caudal peduncle once and $\frac{1}{4}$ to once and $\frac{1}{2}$ as long as deep. Scales etenoid, 30-33 $\frac{15-6}{12-13}$; lat. 1. $\frac{19-22}{11-14}$. Olive-brown to emerald-green above, silvery below; sometimes an ill-dcfined dark lateral stripe, crossbars on the back, and a vertical dark bar below the eye; a dark opercular spot; dorsal and caudal fins greyish or bluish purple, the latter and the soft part of the dorsal with small round dark spots; anal yellow or greyish, sometimes bordered with vermilion-red, often with large orange ocellar spots encireled with red, on the posterior part; rentrals yellow or black; iris greyish white to dark brown, or upper half brown and lower half yellowish white.

Fiftcen specimens, measuring from 95 to 235 mm ., obtained at Entebbe, Munyongo, Bunjako, and Buganga.

In the smaller specimens a few of the inner teeth in both jaws are tricuspid, whilst in the larger ones they are all micuspid; the dentition of the young is that of a Tilupia.

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## Pelmatochromis oluripinnis.

Tocth in I serics in the upper jaw, in 3 in the lower, onter lanerst. Lower jaw projecting. Wepth of bedy equal to longth of heard, 3 times in total length ; body derpeot at the nape. Head laree, with concave upper protile ; snont once athe $\frac{-3}{3}$ diancter of eve, which is $\overline{5}$ times in length of head and unce and ! in interorbital width: month oblopuely directed mparels; matlary not extembing guite to below anterion l.order of eye; ( $j$ series of scales on the cheek. (iill-rakers short, 9 on lower part of anterior areh. Dorsal XV 9 ; spines increasing in lengeth to the lant, which measures ! length of head ; longest sott rays a little more than $\frac{1}{2}$ length of heard. Anal 1118 : third spine longrst, a little shorter than hast dursal. P'ectoral $\frac{3}{4}$ length of head, not renching origin of amal. Vental readheng rent. Candal rounded. Caudal pedmele once and $\frac{1}{2}$ as long as decep. Scales etenoid, $31 \frac{7}{i n}$; lat. $1 . \frac{2}{1.2}$. Licllowish, tinged with orange on the sides, with \& broad wlive-brown cross-bands on the nyper half of the body; an intermited dark streak on each side from above the gill-corer to the hase of the tail; head speckled with brown; an angular olivebrown band, pointing backwards. frem eye to eye on the oceipnt ; broad blackish land ficm below the anterior half of the eye to the month; a bachish vertical bar ou the preoperculnm; an obdigue backish Lar, involving the opercular spot, behind the gillconer fins brght !cllow, the rentral black on the outer side; two laree romnd orange spets encireled with red on the posterior part of the anal.
'utal length $14 \overline{\mathrm{~m}} \mathrm{~mm}$.
A single specinen from Buganga.
closely allied to the precedmer.

## P'elmntochromis microdon.

Tecth wery small and few, in 3 series in both jaws. Lower jaw slightly projecting. Hepth of body egual to length of head, 3 times in total length. Head large, with sloghtly concave upper prefile; snout as long as broad, once and : dianeter of eye, which is 4 times in length oí lead and onee and $\frac{1}{4}$ in interombital width; preorbital a litte narrower than the eye: month obliquely directed upwards ; maxillary extending to below anterior border of exe; 3 strico ol seales on the chacek. (iill-rakers very short, the fusterion strongly expanded, much broader than long, ! on lower part of anterior arch. Dorsal XY? : phes increasing in length to
the last, whielı measures o length of head ; longest soft rays 3 Iength of heard. Anal III 8 ; third spine longest, as long as and stonter than last dorsal. Pectoral as long as head, extending to abore base of third anal spinc. Ventral reaching origin of anal. Candal obliguely truncate, upper rays longest. Caudal perduncle onee and $\frac{1}{3}$ as long as decp. Scaled eteuoid, $3^{2} \frac{4-5}{11}$; lat. $1 . \frac{21}{11}$. Olive above, grey beneath, wiht six ill-defined darker vertical bars on the sides; a hackish opereular spot; fins grey, posterior part of dorsal and candal with small romd darker spots, forming regular series between the rays; posterior part of anal with a few small orange ocellar spots.

Total length 175 mm .
A single specimen from Bunjako.
A small specimen, 90 mm . long, from Entebbe, which I regard as probably a roung of the same species, has stionger outer teeth, the maxillary extends to below anterior third of eye, and the candal fin is regntarly rombded. Snout as long ats the cye, which is $3 \frac{1}{3}$ times in length of head. D. XV 9; A. III 8 ; Sc. $32 \frac{4}{11}$; lat. l. $\frac{21}{11}$.

Allied to the two preceding. Agrees with P. Jentinki, Stdr., in the very fceble dentition.

## Pelmatochromis obesus.

Tecth in 2 or 3 scries in botl jaws, outer small, inner minute. Depth of body twice to twice and $\frac{1}{2}$ in total length, length of head 3 times. Ifead broad, with slightly concave upper profile; snont twice as broad as long in the adult, as long as diancter of eve, which is $3 \frac{1}{2}$ times in leugth of heal and once and $\frac{1}{4}$ to once and $\frac{1}{2}$ in interorbital width; preorbital much narrower than the eye; mouth obliquely directed upwards; maxillary extending to below anterior hoider of eve; 3 or 4 scries of seates on the check. Gillrakers short, :ome T-shaped, 8 to 10 on lower part of anterior arell. Dorsal XT 9 ; spines increasing in length to the last, which measures $\frac{0}{5}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ length of head; longest soft rays ${ }_{3}^{3}$ length of head. Anal III 8-9; third spine stronger but a little shorter than last dorsal. Yeetoral as long ats head, extending to above base of third anal spine. Ventral extending to suft anal rays. Caudal obliquely truncate, upper rays longent. Caudal peduncle onee and $\frac{1}{4}$ as long as deep. Scales etenoid, $32 \frac{1-5}{13}$; lat $1 . \frac{201-21}{11-133^{2}}$. Olive above, with very indistinct dark eross-bands, yellowish white beneath; a rather indistinct dark vertical har below the eye; a dark
opereular spot; doral fin greyish, blackish towarls the border, the soft pertion with romad dank sperts; anal ? (ellow, with two or three lange romad orange spots on its pesterion half; inner rays of ientrals yellow, onter blackish; candal Erevinh.
'Iotal leneth 1.5 num.
A simgle adult specemen from Bunjako; a smatler one from Enteb)e.

Very clonely related to the preceding, in spite of the great difference in form.

## Hepluchromis* percuides.

T'eeth in 3 series in both jaws, onter larrest, some with a faint trace of a lateral cusp. Lower jaw projecting. Depth of body :3) to $3 \frac{1}{2}$ times in total length, length of head 23.3 to 3 times; body decpest at the nape. Snout with consex upper profile, a little longer than the eve, wheh is 4 times in lengeth of head and onec to once and $\frac{1}{4}$ in interorbital width; maxillary extending to below anterior border of eye; 1 -series of seales on the check. Gill-rakers moderate and stont, 8 or 9 on lower part of anterior arch. Dorsal $\mathrm{NIV}-\mathrm{NV}^{Y} 10$; spines increasing in leneth to the lant, which measures nearly $\frac{1}{5}$ length of head: longest soft rays nearly $\frac{1}{2}$ length of head. Anal III 9; thied spine longest, as long as and stronger than longest dorsal. Pectoral $\frac{3}{3}$ length of head, not reaching origin of anal. Ventral reaching rent. Caudal trmeate. Candal peduncle once and $\frac{1}{2}$ as lone as deep. Seales strongly ctenoid, $3:{ }_{13}^{5}$; lat. I. $\frac{20-21}{11-15^{\circ}}$. Dark olive above, ochereycllow below ; four dark brown transerse bands on the body and at dark brown bloteh at the base of the tail ; a dark brown bar across the forchead, and another, rertical, below the eye ; dorsal light olive-brown, with a darker longitudinal streak on its posterior portion ; pectorals, fentrals, and anal ochreyellow, the latter with an orange spot with dark centre; iris white, with a reddi:l circle round the pupil.

Total length 98 min.
Two specimens from Eintebbe.

[^1]
## Haplochromis Stumleyi.

Tecth in 3 or 4 series in both jaws, onter largest, conical or hicuspid, the others minute and trieuspid. Lower jaw slightly projecting. Depth of body equal to length of head, 3 times in total length. Uper profile of head slightly concare ; snont as long as the eye, the diameter of which is 33 or $3 \frac{2}{5}$ times in length of head and equals interorbital width; maxillary extending to below anterior border of eye; 3 series of scales on the eheek. Gill-rakers rather lone, some T-shaped, 12 or 13 on lower part of anterior arch. 1) orsal XIV-XV 9-10; spines equal from the sixtli or serenth, $\frac{1}{3}$ to $\frac{0}{\bar{j}}$ length of head ; longest soft rays $\frac{2}{3}$ length of head. Anal IIll 9; third spine as long as or a little longer than longest dorsal. Pectoral as long as head, reaching origin of anal. Ventral extending beyond origin of anal. Caudal truncate, slightly emarginate. Candal pedunele twice as long as deep. Scales ctenoid, 30-3:2 $\frac{4}{11}$; lat. 1. $10-\frac{1}{19-21}$. Reddish brown above, grevish beneatlı; throat and opercle 1 lackish; a V-shaped blackish band, pointing forwards, on the nape ; a hackisl vertical bar below the anterior border of the ere; ill-defined blackish spots on the side of the body, partly confluent into one or two longitudinal hands ; dorsal grey, anal yellow, both blackish at the base, the latter with two or thre large orange ocellar spots encireled with red; caudal gresislı, blackish in the middle; rentrals black.

Total length 110 mm .
Two specimens from Bunjako and one from Buyanga.
This species, called after the great African explorer whose nan.e stands next to those of Speke and Grant in the history of Lake Victoria, is allied to $H$. Bloyeti and H. nuchisquammlatus, but well distinguished by the larger eye, the longer caudal pedmele, the truncate caudal fin, and the more nuincrous gill-rakers.

## Haplochromis licolor.

Treth in 3 to 5 seifes in both jaws, the outer larger and mostly hicuspid in the young, obtusely conical in the adult, the others minute and partly conical, partly tricuspid. Depth of borly $2 \frac{3}{3}$ to 3 times in total length, length of head $2 \frac{4}{5}$ or 3 times. Snout broad, rounded, with curved upper profile, as long as or slightly longer than the eye, which is $3 \frac{1}{2}$ to $4 \frac{1}{2}$ times in length of head and once to once and $\frac{1}{2}$ in interorbital width; lips very thick; maxillary reaching or hardly seaching to below anterior border of eye; 3 or 4 scries of
scales on the cheok. (iill-rakers short, the larger T-shaped, ito! on lower part of anterior ardi. Damil XV-XVI 8-10; spines subequal from the sewenth or wishth, about $\stackrel{\text { I }}{\text { leneth }}$ of head; longest soft rays $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{2}{3}$ lengeth of heal. Anal III 8-9; third spine as lome as lomerest dorsal. Pectoral as lous as or a little shorter tham head, reachine vertical of origin of anal. Ventral reaching vent or orgin of anal. Cambal trmeate, the upper rays manally longer than the lower. Candal perluncle once and $\frac{1}{3}$ to onec and $\frac{2}{2}$ as long as deep.
 gularly blotehed or mabled with baek, the black sometimes forming irregular eros-bands on the borly; nue or two pale yellow ocellar spots may be present on the posterior part of the anal fin; iris yellow or bronzy brown, with a red circle romed the pupil.

Numerous specimens, measuring from 70 to 155 mm , from Bmijako and Buganga.

Allied to Tilupizs Juhustuni, Cithr. (also a Mruplochromis.).

## Haplochromis crassilubris.

Theeth few, in 3 or 4 series in both jaws, of outer row large and conical or indistinctly bienspid in the adult, bicuspid in the young, others minute and tricuspil. Depth of borly equal to length of head, 95 or 3 times in total length. Snont with convex upper profile, as long as (yomg) or a little lonerer than the diameter of the eye, which is $3 \frac{1}{2}$ to 4 times in length of head and equals interorbital wilth; month not very oblique, with very thick lips; maxillary not extending to below anterior border of eye; 3 series of seales on the check. Gill-rakers short, 7 or 8 on lower part of anterior arch. Dorsal $\mathrm{XV}-\mathrm{XVI} 8-9$; spines increaving in length to the last, which measures $\stackrel{\vdots}{5}$ to $\stackrel{1}{2}$ length of heal ; longest snft rays $\frac{1}{2}$ length of hearl. Anal IIll 8-9; thirel spine stronger and a little shorter than last dorsal. I'ectoral ${ }_{3}^{3}$ to tength of head, extending to rertical of origin of anal. Ventral extending a little beyond origin of amal. Candal romnded, subtruncate. Candal peduncle once and $\frac{1}{4}$ as long as deep.
 white beneath; a rather indistinet dark bar aeross the nape, in front of the dorsal lin, and more or les- dintinet trates of two dark longitudinal stripes on the borly in the adult : hark with ill-delined dark cross-bands; fins greyidh, caudal with small round darker spots, anal with or without small orange orellar ipots.

Ten specimens from Entchbe, measuring from 60 to 105 mm . Closely allied to $H$. retrodens, Hilg.*. Distinguished by fewer and larger outer tecth, fewer rows of inner teeth, and thicker lips.

## Haplochromis Granti.

Tectlı in 5 or 6 series in both jaws, all conical in the adult, some of the outer flattened and more or less distinetly bienspid in the youns. Depth of body equal to or a little greater than length of hearl, 3 to $3 \frac{1}{4}$ times in total length; body deepest at the nape. Upper profile of head forming a strong eurve; snout much deeper than long, as long as the eye, which is $3 \frac{1}{2}$ to $3 \frac{2}{3}$ times in length of head, and equals interorbital width; mouth nearly horizontal or slightly ohlique, extending to below anterior horder of eye or mot quite so far; 3 or 4 series of scales on the cheek. Gillrakers short, 8 or 9 on lower part of anterior areh. Dorsal XV-XVII 8-9; spines cqual from the seventh or eighth, to $\frac{1}{1}$ length of licad; longest soft rays $\frac{3}{5}$ to $\frac{2}{3}$ length of head. Anal $1118-9$; third spine stronger than dorsals, $\frac{1}{3}$ to $\frac{2}{5}$ length of head. P'ectoral as long as head or a little shorter, extending to origin of anal, or not quite so far. Yentral reaching origin of anal or a little beyond. Caudal truncate. Caudal pectuncie onee and $\frac{1}{3}$ to onec and $\frac{2}{3}$ as long as decp.
 above, silvery white beneath; chin and throat bright yellow; a blackish opereular spot ; a mure or less distinet dark streak from the latter to the base of the caudal; sometimes a sceond dark streak higher up on the lack; dorsal and candal fins greyish, sometimes with small light spots between the rays; anal yellow, usually with one or two orange ocelli edged with red; ventrals yellow, uniform or outer rays black or blackish.

Six specimens from Bunjako, two from Entebbe, and one from Buganga, measuring from 80 to 145 mm .

Distinguished from $1 /$ retrodens and the preceding species by the shorter snout and the larger eyc.

## Haplochromis Ishmueli.

Tecth rery small, in 3 to 5 scrics in both jaws, outer largest and mostly bicuspid, the others tricuspid. Depth of body $2 \frac{3}{3}$ to 3 times in total length, length of head $2 \frac{2}{3}$ to 3 times. Shout with straight or slightly convex upper profile,

[^2]onee to once and ! as long at the eree, the diameter of which is $3 \frac{1}{2}$ to 1 times in length of lead ; interombital width ones to once and $\frac{1}{4}$ diameter of ere; moth not fery obligue, extending to below anterior border of eye ; 3 or 1 series of seales on the check. Gill-rakers short, 8 or 9 on lower part of anterion arch. Dorsal $\mathbb{X}$ - XV1! 10 ; spince equal from the cighth or uinth, or sightly increasing in length to the last, which measures ! to $\frac{1}{2}$ length of head. Anal III 8-9; third spine stronyer than dorsals, $\frac{1}{3}$ to $\frac{0}{5}$ length of head. Peetoral as long as head or a little shorter, reaching vertical of origin of anal or a little beyond. Ventral reaching orimin of anal or a little bevond. Candal trumeate. Candal pedincle once and $\frac{1}{3}$ to once and $\frac{1}{2}$ as long as deep. Scalesctenoid, $31-3 t_{11-13}^{5 \cdot 18}$; lat. I. $10 \frac{192}{10-1.50}$. Females pale olive-brown above, silvery white below; a brown or black opereniar spot; a brown vertical bar below the anterion third of the eye sometimes present; ill-ilefined dark eross-bars on the back, barely distingnishable; dorsal and candal fins grevinh. with or without ronnd darker spots: ventrals and anal bright yellow, the former sometimes blackish on the onter border, the latter sometimes with two large orange ocellar spots; lower half of eandal sometimes bright yellow. Males darker, grey or blackish on the belly; dorsal fin grey, the soft portion with round light spots; ventrals black.

Thirtecn specimens, measuring from 110 to 130 mm ., from Bumiako. One of them, a female, has the mouth and phargux full of erges, measuring 3 mm . in diameter.

This species appears to be very near Clenochromis pectoralis, I'fefl'.

Nawed after Mr. (icorge Ishmaïl, Interpreter to the Police Conrt at Entehbe, to whom Mr. Deren is indebted fur valuable as-istance during his stay in Cigmida.

## Tïlopia cariabilis.

Teeth very small, in 4 to 8 serice in both jaws, outer bicuspid, inner tricurpul. Deptla of body $2 \frac{1}{4}$ to $2 \frac{1}{2}$ times in total length, length of head 2.4 to 3 times. Upper profile of head curved; snout broader than long, as long as the eye in the young, twiee as long as the eye in the adult ; diancter of cye $3 \frac{1}{3}$ (yomms) to fil times in length of heall, once and $\frac{1}{2}$ to $3^{3}$ times in interorlital width; month small, searedy oblique, $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{2}{3}$ width of head, extendine to between nostril and eye; 关 seris of scales on the cheek. (iill-raker-morkrately long, 17 to 19 on lower part of anterior arch. Dorsal

less than $\frac{1}{2}$ length of head; longest soft rays $\frac{3}{3}$ to $\frac{2}{3}$ length of head. Anal III $10-11$; third spine $\frac{2}{5}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ length of head. Pectoral once and $\frac{1}{6}$ to once and $\frac{1}{4}$ length of head, extending to vertical of origin of anal or beyond. Ventral reaching rent or not quite so far, rarely origin of anal. Caudal trincate, more or less obliquely in the adult, with the lower angle romided. Caudal peduncle as long as deep or a little longer than deep. Scales eycloid, 31-35 $\frac{4-5}{1+-15}$; lat. 1. ${ }_{11-15^{\circ}}^{20-22}$ Coloration very variable, some specimens olive-brown, others brilliant vermilion on the sides, others bright yellow with black markings and the dorsal and caudal fins edged with red, sec. The rery young not distinguishable from those of T. gatilea and likewise with a blackish ocellar spot on the anterior part of the soft dorsal. Iris grey or dark hazel, with a red circle round the pupil.

Numerous specimens, measuring from 20 to 320 mm ., from Entebbe, Bunjako, and Buganga.

Very closely allied to T. nilotica and T. galilaa, with which species it has probably been confoundel by other iehthyologrists. Differs only in the smaller eye and the longer caudal peduncle.

## Tilapia niyricans.

Teeth small, in 6 series in both jaws, outer largest and bienspid, the others trieuspid. Depth of body $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to $2 \frac{2}{3}$ times in total levgth, length of head 3 times. Upper profile of head strongly curved; snout broader than long, a little shorter than the diameter of the ere, which is $3 \frac{1}{4}$ times in length of head and equals interorbital widh; mouth small, with thick lips, not extending to below anterior border of cere; 3 series of scales on the cheek. Gill-rakers moderately long, 10 on lower part of anterior areh. Dorsal XV-XVI 9-10; spines equal from the eighth or ninth, nearly $\frac{1}{2}$ length of head; longest soft rays $\frac{3}{3}$ to $\frac{2}{3}$ length of head. Anal III 9 ; third spine as long as longest dorsals. Pectoral nearly as long as head, extending nearly to above origin of anal. Vcutral extending beyond origin of anal. Caudal truncate. Caudal perluncle sliglitly longer than deep. Scales ctenoid, 31-32 $\frac{5}{11}$; lat. 1. $\frac{21-22}{11}$. Blackish or steel-grey abore, somewhat lighter beneath; seven ill-defined black bars on the body and a vertical black bar below the anterior third of the ere; a black opercular spot; dorsal and ventral fins dark brown or black; other fins dark grevish brown, the anal in
one of the specimens with two or:mge ocellar spots; itis white.
'Total length 100 mm .
'Two speenmens, the larerer eandit with ronl and line from the pier at Eintebbe, the smaller also Liom Entebbe.

Allied to T. Kirkii, Gthr.

## Tilapia Martini.

Teeth small, in 3 or 4 series in both jaws, outer largest and bienspid, the others tricuspil. Depth of body $2: 3$ to 3 times in total length, length of heal $2 \frac{4}{3}$ to $: 3$ times; body deepest at the mape. Upper protile of sinout desecuding in a steep oblique line ; dianeter of eye greater than length of suont, twiee and $\frac{2}{3}$ to 3 times in length of head; interorbital width equal to length of suont ; month not very obligue; maxillary ertending to below anterior third of eye; 4 or 5 series of seales on the cheek. Gill-rakers short, some T-shaped, 8 or 9 on lower part of anterior areh. Dorsal XV-XVI 8-10; spines equal from the eighthor ninth, $\frac{1}{7}$ to $\frac{2}{5}$ length of head ; longest soft rays $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{3}{3}$ length of head. AnallII 8-9; third spine as long as and stronger than longest dorsal. Pectoral nearly as long as head, reaching beyond vertical of origin of anal. Ventral reaching origin of anal or a little beyond. Caudal truncate. Caudal peduncle once and $\frac{0}{3}$ us long as deep. Scales ctenoid, 32-33 $\frac{1-5}{13-1.5}$; lat. 1. ${ }_{11-13^{\circ}}^{19-22}$ Yellowish olive above, white beneath; a dark vertical bar below the eye and a cross-bar on the forchead ; a blackish operenlar spot; a blackish stripe from the latter to the root of the tail; a second, more or less distinct dark stripe higher up on the side of the back; one specimen mifurm dark gres; dorsal and anal fins greyish, with more or less distinct romud darker spots; peetoral and anal tins yellow, the latter sometimes with one or two orange ocellar spots in the posterior part, ventrals yellow in the female, black in the male.

Seren specinens from Bunjako, measuring from 75 to 110 mm . One of these, a female with large egrs in the ovaries, has the month filled with embryos measuring 8 or 9 mun. and provided with a large yolk-sac.

This species is named alter Mr. James Martin, Transport Ofticer in the Leranda I'rotectorate, in recognition of much ansistanee rendered to Mr. Degen. Tilapia Marlini hears a great resemblance to the Paratilapia deseriber above as $P$ '. cincrea, but the dentition is quite diflerent.

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## Tilapia lacrimosa.

Teeth small, in 3 to 5 series in both jaws, outer largest and bienspid, the others trienspid. Depth of body $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 times in total length, lengtl of head 3 or $3 \frac{1}{5}$ times. Upper profile of smont straight or slightly convex ; diameter of eye equal to length of snout and to interorbital width, $3_{3}^{1}$ to $3 \frac{1}{2}$ times in length of head; month moderately oblique, maxillary extending to below anterior border of eye or a little beyond: 3 or 4 series of seales on the cheek. Gill-rakers short, 7 to 9 on lower part of anterior arch. Dorsal XV-XVI 8-9; spincs increasing in length to the last, wheh measures $\frac{2}{5}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ length of head ; longest soft rays $\frac{0}{5}$ to $\frac{2}{3}$ leugth of head. Anal lll 8-9; third spine as long as and stronger than longest dorsal. Pectoral as long as head, extending to vertical of origin of anal or a little beyond. Ventral reaching origin of anal or beyond. Caudal truncate. Candal peduncle once and $\frac{1}{3}$ to onee and $\frac{2}{3}$ as long as deep. Scales etenoid, 30-34 ${ }_{10-13}^{4-5}$; lat. l. $\frac{19-24}{10-13 .}$ Pale olive or reddish brown above, white or grey beneath; belly sometimes blackish; usually two blackish eross-bars on the upper surface of the snout and a broader one on the oceiput; a black vertical bar below anterior third of eye, rarely indistinet or absent; a black opereular spot; more or less distinet dark bars on the body, and a lateral series of blackish blotehes sometimes conflucut into a longitudinal band ; dorsal fiu greyish, usually with small darker or lighter spots; anal and lower half of caudal bright yellow, the former usually with one, two, or three large orange ocellar spots encircled with red ; ventrals black or blackish; iris white.

Numerous specimens, measuring from 75 to 100 mm ., from Entebbe, Bunjako. and Buganga.

Very similar to Haplochromis nuchisquamulatus, Hilg., but eye larger, caudal fin truncate, and maxillary entirely or nearly entirely conecaled wheu the mouth is closed.

## Tilupia nubila.

Teeth small, in 3 or 4 series in both jaws, outer largest and bicuspid, the others trieuspid. Depth of body equal to length of head, $2 \frac{3}{5}$ to 3 times in total length. Upper profile of shout slightly convex ; diameter of eye equal to length of snout (a little less in the young) and to interorbital width, 3 to $3 \frac{1}{2}$ times in length of head; mouth not very oblique, with thick lips; maxillary extending to below anterior border of ere or not quite so far; ; 3 or 4 series of seales on the cheek.

Gill－rakers short， 8 or 9 on lower part of anterior arel． Dorsal XV－XVI 8－10）：spines increasing in length to the last or last few，道 to $\frac{1}{2}$ length of head ；lonerest soft rays $\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 length of head．Anal 1118 －10；third spine as long als longest dorsal．Pectoral $\frac{3}{3}$ to once length of heal，extendiner to verticab of origin of amal or a little beyond．Ventral extending to origin of anal or beyoud．Candal romdenl． Caudal peduncle once and $\frac{1}{4}$ to twice as long as deep．Scales ctenoid， $29-33_{11-12}^{3-1}$ ；lat．l．${ }_{9-14}^{12-21}$ ．Adult males hatack，the anal fin and the border of the caudal fin often bright vermilion ； orange ocellar spots sometimes prescut on the anal．Females and roung dark grey or brown to blackish，with or without black bars on the borly ；uswally a black vertical har below the anterior third of the eye；a black opercular spot；dorsal and anal fins dark grey or brown，edged with black；caudal grey or brown，and．like the soft dorsal，with more or less distinct small darker spots ；some yellow spots may be pre sent on the anal；rentrals greyish or yellow．

Numerons specimens，measuring from 50 to 120 mur， from Enteble．

Very closely allied to the preceding ；distinguished by the shape of the candal fin．

## Platitaeniodus，gen．nov．

Jaws with very broad bands of small conical tecth，the alveolar surface of the premaxillaries widening towards the pharynx，the band of tecth in the upper jaw horseshoe－ shaped，that in each ramus of the lower jaw not mueh longer than broad ；a very small part of the maxillary exposed when the mouth is closed．Scales very feebly denticulate．Dorsal with 15 spines，anal with 3.

## Platytceniodus Degeni，sp．n．

Depth of body twice and $\frac{⿳ 亠 口 冋 彡}{\text { in }}$ in total length，length of head 3 times．Snout with eonsex upper profile，as long as inter－ orhital width，once and $\frac{1}{3}$ diameter of eye，which is 4 times in length of head ；mouth not extending quite to below ante－ rior border of eye，its width half that of the head；lips thick； 4 series of sca＇es on the cheek；gill－rakers short， 9 on lower part of anterior areh．Dorsal XV 10 ；spines increating in length to the last，which measures $\frac{1}{2}$ length of head；longest soft rays $\frac{3}{1}$ length of head．Anal Ill ？；third spine longrist，not quite half length of head．P＇ectoral acutely pointer，as long as head，extending to above origin of anail．

Ventral reaching a little beyond orimin of anal. Caudal rounded. Candal peduncle once and $\frac{1}{2}$ as long as decp. Seales $33 \frac{5}{12}$; lat. 1. $\frac{23}{13^{\circ}}$. Pale olive above, silvery white beneath; a blackish opereular spot; a dark grey band from the latter to the root of the caudal; a rather indistinet dark vertical bar below the eye; dorsal and catudal fins greyish; ventrals yellow, the onter rays blackish; anal yellow, with three orange ocellar spots, encircled with red, on the posterior part.

Total length 140 mm .
A single specimen from Bunjako.

## LXI.-Prcliminary Descriptions of new Species of Amphipoda from the 'Discovery' Antarctic Expedition, 1902-1904. By Alfred O. Walker, F.L.S., F.Z.S.

## Fam. Hyperiidæ.

Hyperia macrony $x^{*}$, sp. n.
S.E. of Coulman I., 22/2/04; six specimens, immature: length of largest 10 mm . W.Q. $\dagger 16 / 4 / 03,5$ f.; one specimen. W.Q. 18/5/03, 10 f . W. Q. $1 / \mathrm{s} / 03,10 \mathrm{f}$. ; eight specimens.

Head shorter than the first two segments. Eyes occupying the entire head. Segments all free; the three pleon-segments with a tooth on the hind epimeral angle. Carpal process of the first gnathopods reaching the middle of the hind margin of the hand, which is ovate, less than twice as long as wide, the hind margin convex and finely serrate. Carpal process of the second pair reaching considerably beyond the middle of the hand; the limb otherwise as in the first; branchise of first pair oblong, wider below; of second pair pyriform.

First and second percopods longer than the gnathopods; first joint a little wider than the fourth, which is twice as wide and about two thirds as long as the fifth, with five long equidistant spines on the hind margin; the fourth and fifth joints have their hind margins finely serrate. Dactyli slightly curved, slender, about half as long as the fifth joint.

Third perceopods: first joint subequal to the tifth, about twice as long as wide, widening near the middle; fifth joint

[^3]
[^0]:    * The very young of all the Paratilapia and Pelmatochromis of Lake Victoria have more or less dietinctly bi- or tricuspid teeth, thus rendering the distinction between these genera and Muplochromis or Astatotilopia as diflicult and unsatisfactory as is that between the latter and Tilana.

[^1]:    
    
    
    
    
     lanime a combidmble purtion of the matlay bone expeat when the month i- fully cloved.

[^2]:    * I am indelted to Dr. Pappenheim for photographs of the trpe "pecimens of the Victorian Cichlide deecribed by the late I'rof. IIilgendurf.

[^3]:    * From the long dactyli of the pereopiods.
    $\dagger$ W. $(\mathrm{Q} .=$ winter-quarters.

